



CVE-2002-0151

- MITRE
- NVD
- CVE.ORG
- JSON API
- Print: PDF

Summary

CVE	CVE-2002-0151
State	PUBLISHED
Assigner	mitre
Source Priority	CVE Program / NVD first with legacy fallback
Published	2002-04-04 05:00:00 UTC
Updated	2025-04-03 01:03:51 UTC
Description	Buffer overflow in Multiple UNC Provider (MUP) in Microsoft Windows operating systems allows local users to cause a denial of service (DoS) by sending a crafted request to the MUP service.

Risk And Classification

Primary CVSS: v2.0 7.2 from nvd@nist.gov

AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C

Problem Types: NVD-CWE-Other | n/a

CVSS v2.0 Breakdown

Access Vector

Local

Access Complexity

Low

Authentication

None

Confidentiality

Complete

Integrity

Complete

Availability

Complete

AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C

NVD Known Affected Configurations (CPE 2.3)

Type	Vendor	Product	Version	Update	Edition	Language
Operating System	Microsoft	Windows 2000	All	All	All	All

Operating System	Microsoft	Windows Nt	4.0	All	server	All
Operating System	Microsoft	Windows Nt	4.0	All	terminal_server	All
Operating System	Microsoft	Windows Nt	4.0	All	workstation	All
Operating System	Microsoft	Windows Nt	4.0	sp1	enterprise	All
Operating System	Microsoft	Windows Xp	All	gold	professional	All

Vendor Declared Affected Products						
Source	Vendor	Product	Version	Platforms		
CNA	Na	N/a	affected n/a	Not specified		

References	
Reference	Source
Microsoft Security Bulletin MS02-017 - Moderate Microsoft Docs	af854a3a-2127-422b-91ae-364da26
'NSFOCUS SA2002-02 : Microsoft Windows MUP overlong request kernel overflow' - MARC	af854a3a-2127-422b-91ae-364da26
Repository / Oval Repository	af854a3a-2127-422b-91ae-364da26
ISS X-Force Database: win-mup-bo (8752): Microsoft Windows NT, 2000, and XP MUP buffer overflow	af854a3a-2127-422b-91ae-364da26
Microsoft Windows 2000 / NT / XP MUP UNC Request Buffer Overflow Vulnerability	af854a3a-2127-422b-91ae-364da26
Repository / Oval Repository	af854a3a-2127-422b-91ae-364da26
CVE Program record	CVE.ORG
NVD vulnerability detail	NVD

No vendor comments have been submitted for this CVE.

There are currently no legacy QID mappings associated with this CVE.